

Voltage Transducer LV 100-3000/SP3

For the electronic measurement of voltages: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary

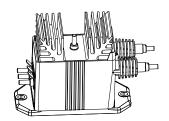


Electrical data 3000 V Primary nominal RMS voltage V_{PN} Primary voltage, measuring range 0 ... ±4500 V V_{PM} Primary nominal RMS current 3.33 mΑ I_{PN} Measuring resistance $R_{\rm M}$ $R_{\rm M\,min}$ @ ±3000 V _{max} with ±15 V 0 210 Ω ±4500 V max 0 120 Ω @ ±3000 V _{max} 0 410 with ±24 V Ω @ ±4500 V _{max} 0 250 Ω $I_{\rm S\,N}$ Secondary nominal RMS current mA Conversion ratio 3000 V:50 mA K_{N} Supply voltage (±5 %) ±15 ... 24 < 37 (@ ±24 V) + I_s mA Current consumption

	Accuracy - Dynamic performance data			
X	Accuracy @ V_{PN} , T_{A} = 25 °C	±0.9		%
$\varepsilon_{\scriptscriptstyle \! L}$	Linearity error	< 0.1		%
_		Тур	Max	
I_{0}	Offset current @ $V_P = 0$, $T_A = 25 °C$		±0.3	mA
I_{o}	Temperature variation of $I_{\rm O}$ = -25 °C +70 °C	±0.3	±0.6	mA
$t_{\rm r}$	Step response time to 90 $\%$ of V_{PN}	180		μs

T_{A}	Ambient operating temperature	− 25 +70	°C
$T_{\rm S}$	Ambient storage temperature	-40 +80	°C
$N_{\rm P}/N_{\rm S}$	Turns ratio	30000 : 2000	
P_{P}	Total primary power loss	10	W
R_{P}	Resistance of primary winding \bigcirc $T_A = 25 °C$	900	kΩ
$R_{\rm S}$	Resistance of secondary winding @ $T_{\rm A}$ = 70 °C	55	Ω
m	Mass	790	g
	Standard	EN 50155: 1995	

$V_{PN} = 3000 \text{ V}$



Features

- Closed loop (compensated) voltage transducer using the Hall
- · Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0
- Primary resistor R_D incorporated within the housing.

Special features

- $U_{\rm C}$ = ±15 ... 24 (±5 %) V
- $U_{\rm d}$ = 12 kV
- T_A = −25 °C ... +70 °C

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwith
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference.

Applications

- Single or three phase inverters
- Propulsion and braking choppers
- Propulsion converters
- Auxiliary converters
- · Battery chargers.

Application domain

Traction.

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General data



Voltage Transducer LV 100-3000/SP3

Ins	sulation coordination		
$U_{\rm d}$	RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	12 Min	kV
d_{Cp}	Creepage distance	164.8	mm
d_{CI}	Clearance	47.1	mm
CTI	Comparative tracking index (group I)	600	

Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (e.g. primary connections, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

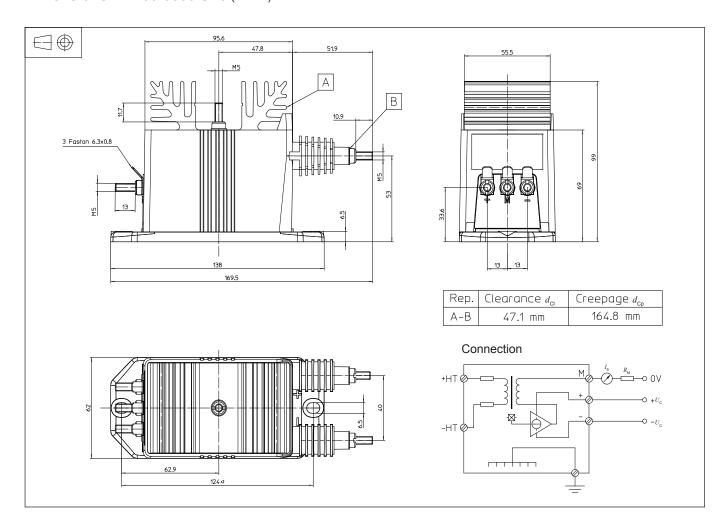
This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



Dimensions LV 100-3000/SP3 (in mm)



Mechanical characteristics

General tolerance

Transducer fastening

Recommended fastening torque

• Connection of primary Recommended fastening torque

Connection of secondary

Connection of ground Recommended fastening torque 2.2 N·m

±0.5 mm

2 holes Ø 6.5 mm 2 M6 steel screws

5 N·m

M5 threaded studs

2.2 N·m

Faston 6.3 x 0.8 mm

M5 threaded stud

Remarks

- $I_{\rm S}$ is positive when $V_{\rm P}$ is applied on terminal +HT.
- The primary circuit of the transducer must be linked to the connections where the voltage has to be measured.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: Products/Product Documentation.