

# Voltage Transducer LV 100-2000/SP15

For the electronic measurement of voltages: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit



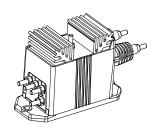
#### **Electrical data** 2000 V Primary nominal RMS voltage $V_{PN}$ Primary voltage, measuring range 0 ... ±3000 V $V_{\mathsf{PM}}$ Primary nominal RMS current 5 mΑ $I_{PN}$ $R_{\rm M\,min}$ Measuring resistance $R_{\rm M}$ $R_{\rm M\; max}$ @ ±2000 V <sub>max</sub> with ±15 V 0 210 Ω @ ±3000 V <sub>max</sub> 120 0 Ω @ $\pm 2000 V_{max}$ 0 410 with ±24 V Ω @ ±3300 V <sub>max</sub> 0 250 Ω Secondary nominal RMS current 50 mA Conversion ratio 2000 V:50 mA $K_{N}$ Supply voltage (±10 %) ±15 ... 24 Current consumption < 37 (@ ±24 V) + I<sub>S</sub> mA

	Accuracy - Dynamic performance data			
X	Accuracy @ $V_{PN}$ , $T_A$ = 25 °C 1)	±0.9		%
$\varepsilon_{_{\!\!\!\! L}}$	Linearity error	< 0.1		%
_		Тур	Max	
$I_{\circ}$	Offset current @ $V_P = 0$ , $T_A = 25 °C$		±0.2	mA
$I_{o}$	Temperature variation of $I_{\rm O}$ = -40 °C +75 °C	±0.4	±1.0	mA
t	Step response time to 90 % of V	70		US

$T_{A}$	Ambient operating temperature	<b>−</b> 40 +75	°C
$T_{\mathtt{S}}$	Ambient storage temperature	<b>−</b> 50 +85	°C
$N_{\rm p}/N_{\rm s}$	Turns ratio	20000 : 2000	
$P_{P}$	Total primary power loss	10	W
$R_{P}$	Resistance of primary winding $\bigcirc$ $T_A = 25 °C$	400	kΩ
$R_{\mathrm{S}}$	Resistance of secondary winding @ $T_{\rm A}$ = 85 °C	56	Ω
m	Mass	790	g
	Standard	EN 50155: 1995	

Note: 1) The overall accuracy is ±4.8 % at ambient temperature -40 °C, including a maximum offset drift 2.0 mA.

# $V_{PN} = 2000 \text{ V}$



#### **Features**

- Closed loop (compensated)
  voltage transducer using the Hall
  effect
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0
- Primary resistor R<sub>P</sub> incorporated within the housing.

# **Special features**

- U<sub>C</sub> = ±15 ... 24 (±10 %) V
- $U_d = 9 \text{ kV (see note}^{-1)}$ , page 2)
- T<sub>A</sub> = −40 °C ... +75 °C
- $T_{\rm S}$  = -50 °C ... +85 °C
- VRT Burn-in
- Connection to secondary circuit on M5 threaded studs
- Shield between primary and secondary
- Labeled with customer part number.

### **Advantages**

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- · Optimized responsed time
- Wide frequency bandwith
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference.

#### **Applications**

- Single or three phase inverters
- Propulsion and braking choppers
- Propulsion converters
- Auxiliary converters
- · Battery chargers.

# **Application domain**

Traction.

**General data** 



# Voltage Transducer LV 100-2000/SP15

Ins	ulation coordination		
$U_{d}$	RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	9 2)	kV
ŭ		1 <sup>3)</sup>	kV
		Min	
$d_{\rm Cp}$	Creepage distance	164.8	mm
$d_{CI}$	Clearance	47.1	mm
CTI	Comparative tracking index (group I)	600	

Notes: 2) Between primary and secondary + shield + heatsink

## **Safety**



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (e.g. primary connections, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

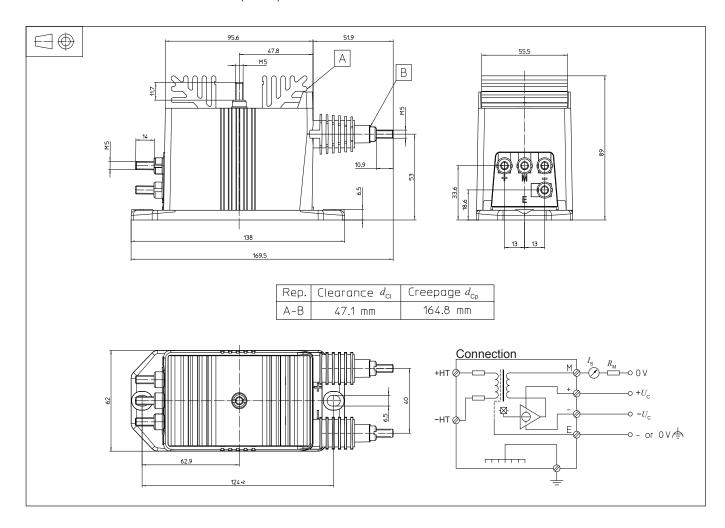
A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3)</sup> Between secondary and shield.



### Dimensions LV 100-2000/SP15 (in mm)



#### **Mechanical characteristics**

- General tolerance
- Transducer fastening

Recommended fastening torque

- Connection of primary Recommended fastening torque 2.2 N·m
- Connection of secondary Recommended fastening torque 2.2 N·m
- Connection to the ground Recommended fastening torque 2.2 N·m

- ±0.5 mm
- 2 holes Ø 6.5 mm
- 2 M6 steel screws
- 5 N·m
- 2 M5 threaded studs
- 4 M5 threaded studs
- M5 threaded stud

#### Remarks

- $I_{\rm S}$  is positive when  $V_{\rm P}$  is applied on terminal +HT.
- The primary circuit of the transducer must be linked to the connections where the voltage has to be measured.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: Products/Product Documentation.