

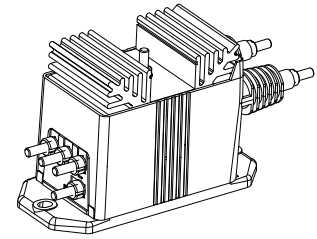
## Voltage Transducer LV 100-2000/SP6

For the electronic measurement of voltages: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.



RoHS

$$V_{PN} = 2000 \text{ V}$$



### Electrical data

$V_{PN}$	Primary nominal RMS voltage	2000	V			
$V_{PM}$	Primary voltage, measuring range	0 ... $\pm 3000$	V			
$I_{PN}$	Primary nominal RMS current	5	mA			
$R_M$	Measuring resistance	with $\pm 15 \text{ V}$	@ $\pm 1000 \text{ V}_{\max}$	$R_{M \min}$	$R_{M \max}$	$\Omega$
			@ $\pm 2000 \text{ V}_{\max}$	0	450	$\Omega$
		@ $\pm 3000 \text{ V}_{\max}$	0	210	$\Omega$	
		with $\pm 24 \text{ V}$	@ $\pm 1000 \text{ V}_{\max}$	0	120	$\Omega$
			@ $\pm 2000 \text{ V}_{\max}$	0	770	$\Omega$
			@ $\pm 3000 \text{ V}_{\max}$	0	410	$\Omega$
@ $\pm 3000 \text{ V}_{\max}$	110		250	$\Omega$		
$I_{SN}$	Secondary nominal RMS current	50	mA			
$K_N$	Conversion ratio	2000 V : 50	mA			
$U_C$	Supply voltage ( $\pm 10 \%$ )	$\pm 15 \dots 24$	V			
$I_C$	Current consumption	$< 37 (@ \pm 24 \text{ V}) + I_S$	mA			

### Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

$X_G$	Overall accuracy @ $V_{PN}, T_A = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$\pm 0.9$	%		
$\varepsilon_L$	Linearity error	$< 0.1$	%		
$I_O$	Offset current @ $I_P = 0, T_A = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	Typ	Max		
$I_{OT}$	Temperature variation of $I_O$	$-25 \dots +70 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$\pm 0.4$	$\pm 0.2$	mA
		$-40 \dots +85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$\pm 0.4$	$\pm 0.6$	mA
$t_r$	Step response time to 90 % of $V_{PN}$	70	$\mu\text{s}$		

### General data

$T_A$	Ambient operating temperature	$-40 \dots +85$	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_S$	Ambient storage temperature	$-45 \dots +90$	$^\circ\text{C}$
$N_P/N_S$	Turns ratio	20000 : 2000	
$P_P$	Total primary power loss	10	W
$R_P$	Resistance of primary winding @ $T_A = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	400	k $\Omega$
$R_S$	Resistance of secondary winding @ $T_A = 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	57	$\Omega$
$m$	Mass	790	g
	Standard	EN 50155: 1995	

### Features

- Closed loop (compensated) voltage transducer using the Hall effect
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0
- Primary resistor  $R_p$  incorporated within the housing.

### Special features

- $U_C = \pm 15 \dots 24 (\pm 10 \%) \text{ V}$
- $U_d = 12 \text{ kV}$  (to see note <sup>1)</sup>, page 2)
- $T_A = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} \dots +85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- Connection to secondary circuit on M5 threaded studs
- Shield between primary and secondary
- DTR N°0000122104 and DTR N°0000420809.

### Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference.

### Applications

- Single or three phase inverters
- Propulsion and braking choppers
- Propulsion converters
- Auxiliary converters
- Battery chargers.

### Application Domain

- Traction.

## Voltage Transducer LV 100-2000/SP6

### Insulation coordination

$U_d$	RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	12 <sup>1)</sup>	kV
		1 <sup>2)</sup>	kV
		Min	
$d_{cp}$	Creepage distance	164.8	mm
$d_{cl}$	Clearance	47.1	mm
$CTI$	Comparative tracking index (group I)	600	

**Notes:** <sup>1)</sup> Between primary and secondary + shield + heatsink

<sup>2)</sup> Between secondary and shield.

### Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary connections, power supply).

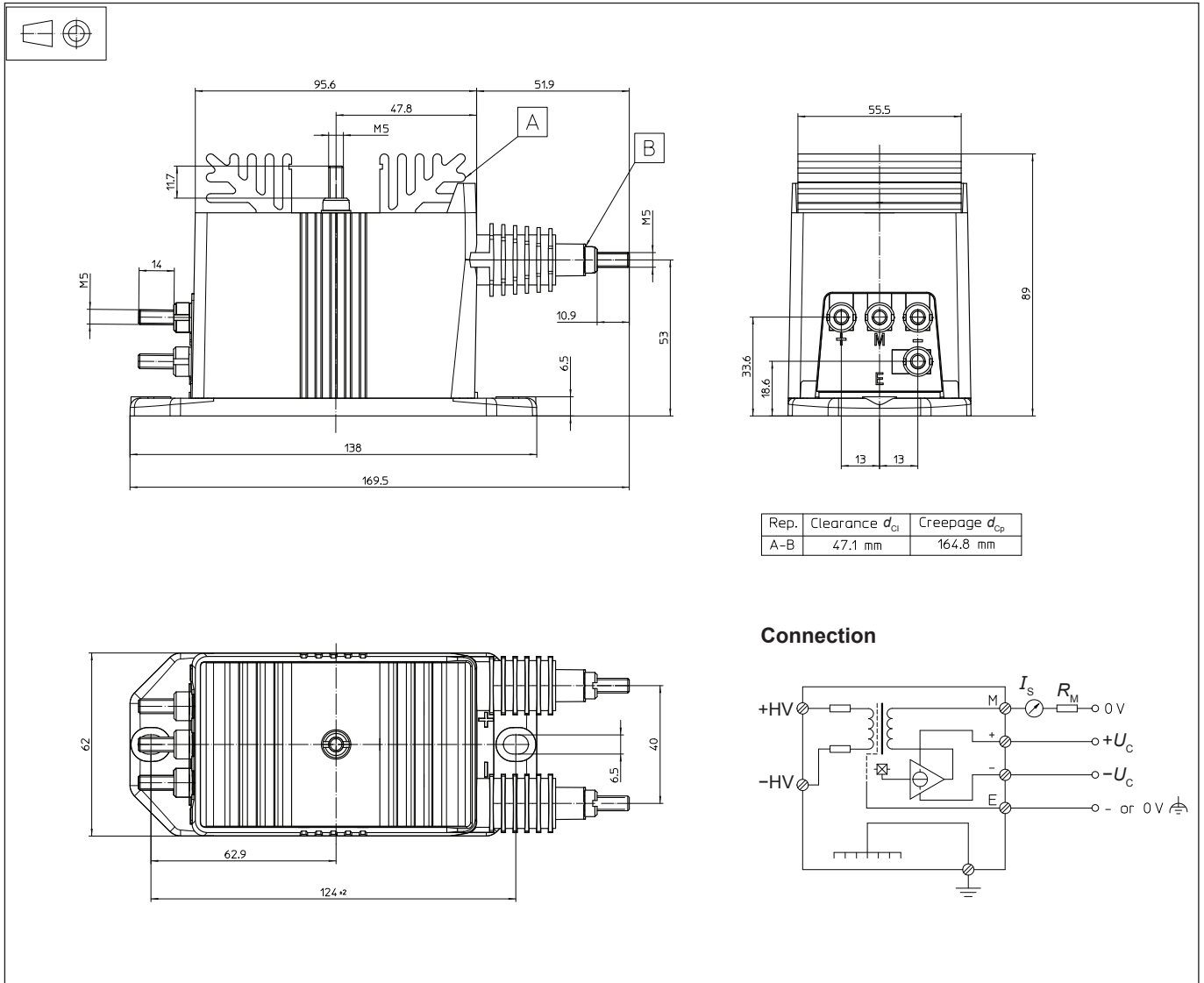
Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

## Dimensions LV 100-2000/SP6 (in mm)



### Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance  $\pm 0.5$  mm
- Transducer fastening
  - 2 holes  $\varnothing 6.5$  mm
  - 2 M6 steel screws
  - Recommended fastening torque 5 N·m
- Connection of primary 2 M5 threaded studs
- Connection of secondary 4 M5 threaded studs
- Connection of ground M5 threaded stud
- Recommended fastening torque 2.2 N·m

### Remarks

- $I_s$  is positive when  $V_p$  is applied on terminal +HV.
- The primary circuit of the transducer must be linked to the connections where the voltage has to be measured.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: [Products/Product Documentation](#).