

Current Transducer LT 2005-S/SP24

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with a galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).







Electrical data

I _{PN}	Primary nominal curre	nt rms	2000		Α
I _{PM}	Primary current, measuring range @ ± 12 V		0 ± 2	000	Α
		@ + 24 V	0 + 3	000	Α
$\mathbf{R}_{\scriptscriptstyle{\mathrm{M}}}$	Measuring resistance		\mathbf{R}_{Mmini}	$R_{\text{M max}}$	i
	with ± 12 V	$@ \pm 2000 \text{ A}_{maxi}$	0	0.1	Ω
	with + 24 V	@ + 2000 A _{maxi}	0	24	Ω
		@ + 3000 A maxi	0	8	Ω

I _{SN}	Secondary nominal current rms	400	mΑ
K _N	Conversion ratio	1:5000	
V _C	Supply voltage (± 5 %)	± 12 or + 24	V
I _C	Current consumption (± 1)	20 + I _S (@ + 24 V) mA

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

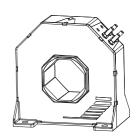
X e ∟	Accuracy @ I_{PN} , $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ Linearity error	± 0.4 < 0.1		% %
I _o	Offset current @ $\mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{p}} = 0$, $\mathbf{T}_{\mathrm{A}} = 25^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ Magnetic offset current @ $\mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{p}} = 0$ and specified \mathbf{R}_{M} , after an overload of 3 x \mathbf{I}_{pN}	Тур	Maxi ± 1.0 ± 0.4	mA mA
I_{OT}	Temperature variation of I_0 -25°C + 70°C	± 0.25	± 0.5	mΑ
t _, di/dt BW	Response time ¹⁾ to 90 % of I _{PN} step di/dt accurately followed Frequency bandwidth (- 1 dB)	< 1 > 50 0 100	0	μs Α/μs kHz

General data

T.	Ambient operating temperature	- 25 + 70	°C	
T _s	Ambient storage temperature	- 40 + 85	°C	
R _s	Secondary coil resistance @ $T_{\Delta} = 70^{\circ}C$	25	Ω	
m	Mass	1.7	kg	
	Standards	EN 50155: 19	EN 50155: 1995	

1) With a di/dt of 100 A/µs. Note:

2000 A



Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using the Hall effect
- Isolated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Special features

- **I**_{PM} = 0 .. + 3000 A
- $K_N = 1:5000$
- $V_{C} = \pm 12 \text{ V or} + 24 (\pm 5 \%) \text{ V}$ Unidirectional measurements (The customer must add two diodes in series with the measuring resistance)
- V_d = 12 kV 2)
- $T_{A} = -25^{\circ}C ... + 70^{\circ}C$
- Shield.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- · Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- Current overload capability.

Applications

- · Single or three phases inverter
- Propulsion and braking chopper
- Propulsion converter
- Auxiliary converter
- Battery charger.

Application domain

• Traction.



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Isolation characteristics			
\mathbf{V}_{d}	Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	12 ²⁾ 1 ³⁾	kV kV
dCp dCl CTI	Creepage distance Clearance distance Comparative Tracking Index (Group IIIa)	Mini 41 41 225	m m m m

Notes: 2) Between primary and secondary + shield

Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a built-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

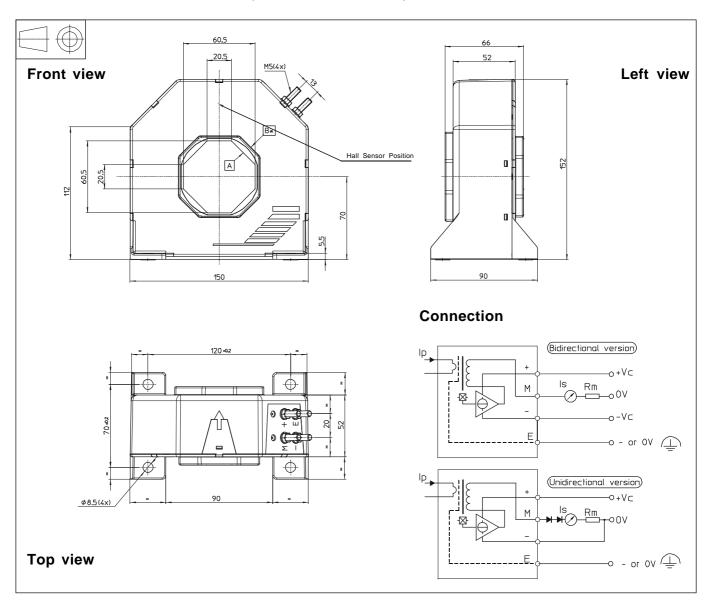
A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

³⁾ Between secondary and shield



Dimensions LT 2005-S/SP24 (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)



Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance
- Transducer fastening

Recommended fastening torque

- Octagonal primary through-hole for bar
- Connection of secondary Recommended fastening torque
- ± 0.5 mm
- 4 holes Ø 8.5 mm
- 4 M8 steel screws
- 10 Nm or 7.38 Lb Ft

60.5 x 20.5 mm \varnothing maxi 56 mm M5 threaded studs 2.2 Nm or 1.62 Lb - Ft

Remarks

- ullet I_S is positive when I_P flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100°C.
- Dynamic performances (di/dt and response time) are best with a single bar completely filling the primary hole.