

Current Transducer RA 1005-S

For the measurement of alternating components in a determined bandwidth, contained in a continuous primary current.



Electrical data

M	Mutual inductance	$3.98 \cdot 10^{-6}$	H
U_{out}	Output voltage (instantaneous) ¹⁾	$U_{out} = M \cdot \frac{dI_p}{dt}$	V
U_{out}	Output voltage (sinusoidal wave) ¹⁾	$U_{out} = 2 \cdot \pi \cdot M \cdot f \cdot I_{PAC}$ with $2 \cdot \pi \cdot M = 25 \cdot 10^{-6}$	V
	Example: @ 50 Hz, 20 A	$U_{out} = 2 \cdot \pi \cdot 3.98 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot 50 \cdot 20 = 25$	mV
L_S	Inductance of secondary circuit ($\pm 3\%$)	5.9	mH
N_S	Number of secondary turns	1480	

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

BW	Frequency bandwidth	20 ... 3000	Hz
X	Accuracy @ $I_{PAC} = 0.1 \dots 20$ A, $T_A = 25$ °C $BW = 20 \dots 3000$ Hz	$< \pm 3$	%
φ_{or}	Rated phase offset	-90°	
$\varphi_{U_{out}}$	Phase error of output voltage $U_{out}^{(1)}$, I_p sinusoidal	$BW = 20 \dots 100$ Hz $BW = 100 \dots 3000$ Hz	$-90^\circ \pm 5^\circ$ $-90^\circ \pm 2.5^\circ$
$\frac{\Delta M_T}{M} \cdot 100$	Thermal drift of M_T	$T_A = -40 \dots + 85$ °C	$< \pm 0.3\%$
$\frac{\Delta L_T}{L} \cdot 100$	Thermal drift of L_S and L_T	$T_A = -40 \dots + 85$ °C	$< \pm 0.3\%$

Test circuit

L_T	Inductance of test circuit ($\pm 4\%$)	6	mH
N_T	Number of turns (test winding)	1440	
R_T	Resistance of test winding @ $T_A = 85$ °C ($\pm 5\%$)	307	Ω
I_T	Test current	< 40	mA

General data

T_A	Ambient operating temperature	$-40 \dots 85$	°C
T_S	Ambient storage temperature	$-45 \dots 90$	°C
T_B	Primary conductor temperature	≤ 100	°C
R_S	Resistance of secondary winding @ $T_A = 85$ °C ($\pm 4\%$)	312	Ω
m	Mass	760	g
	Standard	EN 50155: 2007 EN 50121-3-2: 2015	

Note: ¹⁾ Without load resistance.

Feature

- Insulated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Advantages

- No insertion losses
- Current overload capability.

Applications

- Single or three phase inverters
- Propulsion and braking choppers
- Propulsion converters.

Application Domain

- Traction.

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Insulation coordination

U_d	RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	12 ¹⁾	kV
		1.5 ²⁾	kV
		0.5 ³⁾	kV
U_e	Partial discharge extinction RMS voltage @ 10 pC	> 2.8 ⁴⁾	kV
d_{cp}	Creepage distance ⁵⁾	82.70	mm
d_{cl}	Clearance ⁵⁾	69.60	mm
CTI	Comparative Tracking Index (group I)	600	

- Notes:**
- ¹⁾ Between primary and secondary + test turns + shield
 - ²⁾ Between secondary + test turns and shield
 - ³⁾ Between secondary and test turns
 - ⁴⁾ Test carried out with a busbar \varnothing 40 mm centered in the aperture
 - ⁵⁾ See details figure 1.

Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

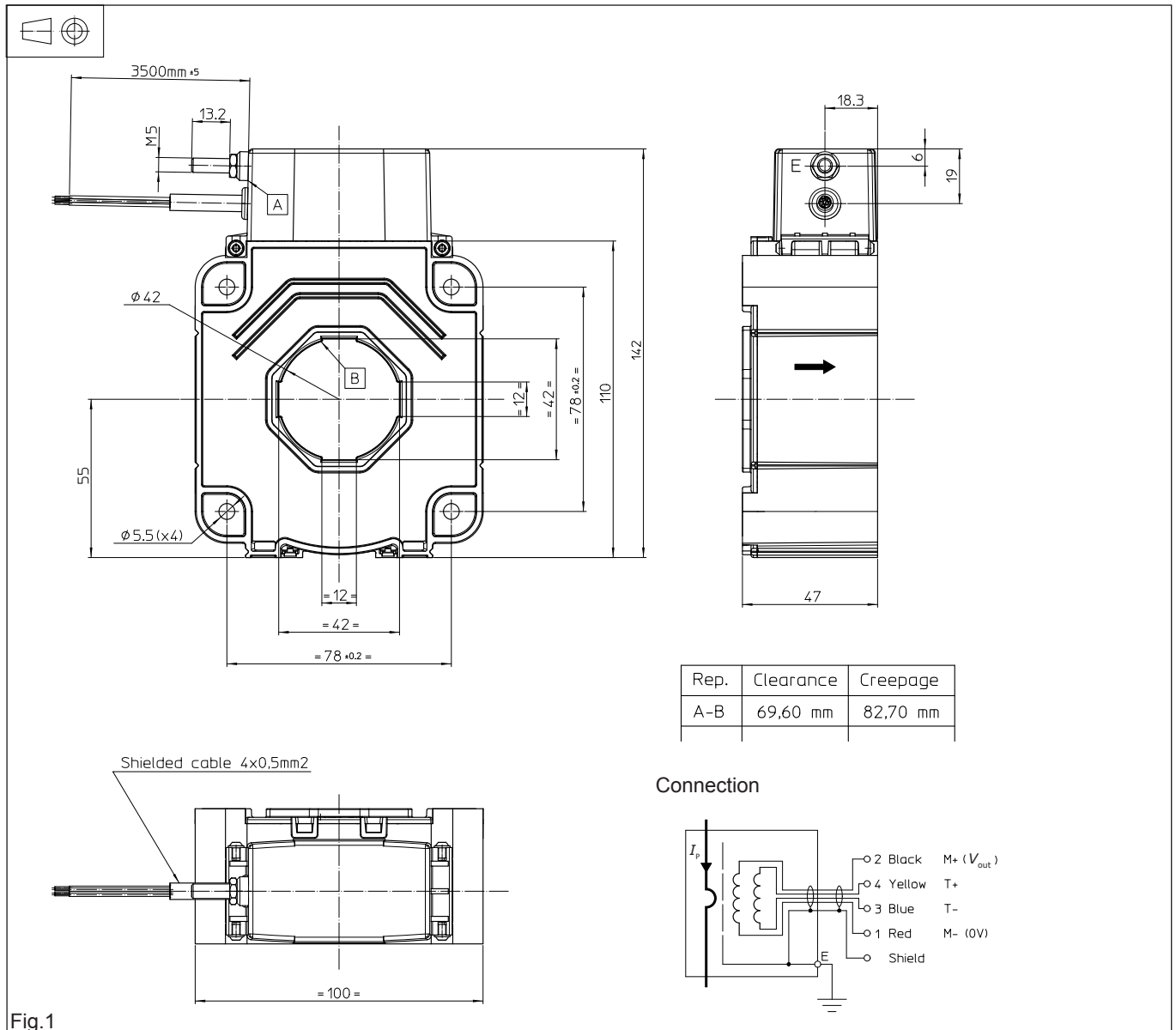
Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

Dimensions RA 1005-S (in mm)



Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance ± 1 mm
- Transducer fastening
 - 4 holes $\varnothing 5.5$ mm
 - 4 steel screws M5
- Recommended fastening torque
 - 4 N·m
- Primary through-hole
 - $\varnothing 42$ mm
- Connection of secondary
 - Shielded cable $\varnothing 5.9$ m
 - 4 x 0.5 mm²
- Connection of screen
 - M5 threaded studs
 - Recommended fastening torque 2.2 N·m

Remarks

- U_{out} is positive when di_p/dt flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100 °C.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: [Products/Product Documentation](#).
- This is a standard model. For different versions (supply voltages, turns ratios, unidirectional measurements...), please contact us.